WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4209

By Delegates Storch, Ferro, R. Romine, Hamrick,
Ellington, Pyles and Barrett

[Introduced January 19, 2018; Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §39B-2-101 and §39B-3-101 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to further amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §44E-1-1, §44E-1-2, §44E-1-3, §44E-1-4, §44E-1-5, §44E-1-6, §44E-1-7, §44E-1-8, §44E-1-9, §44E-1-10, §44E-1-11, §44E-1-12, §44E-1-13, §44E-1-14, §44E-115, §44E-1-16, §44E-1-17, and §44E-1-18, all relating to the Uniform Power of Attorney Act, exercising authority over the content of electronic communications and accessing the content of electronic communications; creating the West Virginia Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act; providing a short title; defining certain terms; setting forth to whom the article applies; providing for user direction for disclosure of assets; addressing terms of service agreements; setting forth procedure for disclosing digital assets; providing for disclosure of content of electronic communications and other digital assets of deceased users; providing for disclosure of content of electronic communications of a principal; addressing disclosure of digital assets of a principal; addressing disclosure of digital assets held in trust when the trustee is an original owner or user; addressing disclosure of digital assets held in trust when trustee is not an original owner or user; addressing disclosure of digital assets to conservator of a protected person; setting forth fiduciary's duties and authority; providing for custodian's compliance and immunity; providing for uniformity of application and construction of article; and addressing relation of article to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 39B. UNIFORM POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORITY.

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§39B-2-101. Authority that requires specific grant; grant of general authority.

(a) An agent under a power of attorney may do the following on behalf of the principal or with the principal's property only if the power of attorney expressly grants the agent the authority

and exercise of the authority is not otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to
 which the authority or property is subject to:

- (1) Create, amend, revoke or terminate an inter vivos trust;
- 6 (2) Make a gift;

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- 7 (3) Create or change rights of survivorship;
- 8 (4) Create or change a beneficiary designation:
- 9 (5) Delegate authority granted under the power of attorney;
- (6) Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including
 a survivor benefit under a retirement plan;
 - (7) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate; ex
- 13 (8) Disclaim property, including a power of appointment; or
 - (9) Exercise authority over the content of electronic communications, as defined in 18
 U.S.C. Section 2510(12) sent or received by the principal.
 - (b) Notwithstanding a grant of authority to do an act described in this section, an agent may not exercise authority under a power of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest in the principal's property, whether by gift, right of survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer or otherwise, unless the power of attorney expresses in the grant of authority the specific act and identifies the existing property interest with particularity, rather than in general terms.
 - (c) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (d) and (e) of this section, if a power of attorney grants to an agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do, the agent has the general authority described in §39B-2-104 through §39B-2-116 of this code.
 - (d) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a grant of authority to make a gift is subject to the provisions of §39B-2-117 of this code.
 - (e) Subject to subsections (a), (b) and (d) of this section, if the subjects over which authority is granted in a power of attorney are similar or overlap, the broadest authority controls.
 - (f) Authority granted in a power of attorney is exercisable with respect to property that the

principal has when the power of attorney is executed or acquires later, whether or not the property is located in this state and whether or not the authority is exercised or the power of attorney is executed in this state.

(g) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a power of attorney has the same effect and inures to the benefit of and binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest as if the principal had performed the act.

ARTICLE 3. STATUTORY FORMS.

§39B-3-101. Statutory form power of attorney.

A document substantially in the following form may be used to create a statutory form power of attorney that has the meaning and effect prescribed by this act.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This power of attorney authorizes another person (your agent) to make decisions concerning your property for you (the principal). Your agent will be able to make decisions and act with respect to your property (including your money) whether or not you are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority over subjects listed on this form is explained in the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation].

This power of attorney does not authorize the agent to make health-care decisions for you.

You should select someone you trust to serve as your agent. Unless you specify otherwise, generally the agent's authority will continue until you die or revoke the power of attorney or the agent resigns or is unable to act for you.

Your agent is entitled to reasonable compensation unless you state otherwise in the special instructions. This form provides for designation of one agent. If you wish to name more than one agent you may name a coagent in the Special Instructions. Coagents are not required to act together unless you include that requirement in the Special Instructions. If your agent is

19 unable or unwilling to act for you, your power of attorney will end unless you have named a 20 successor agent. You may also name a second successor agent. 21 This power of attorney becomes effective immediately unless you state otherwise in the 22 Special Instructions. 23 If you have questions about the power of attorney or the authority you are granting to your 24 agent, you should seek legal advice before signing this form. 25 DESIGNATION OF AGENT I _____ name the following person as my agent: 26 (Name of Principal) 27 28 Name of Agent: 29 Agent's Address: Agent's Telephone Number: 30 31 If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my successor agent: 32 Name of Successor Agent: 33 Successor Agent's Address: 34 Successor Agent's Telephone Number:______ 35 If my successor agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my second successor 36 agent: 37 Name of Second Successor Agent: 38 Second Successor Agent's Address: 39 Second Successor Agent's Telephone Number:______ **GRANT OF GENERAL AUTHORITY** 40 41 I grant my agent and any successor agent general authority to act for me with respect to 42 the following subjects as defined in the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation]: 43 (INITIAL each subject you want to include in the agent's general authority. If you wish to 44 grant general authority over all of the subjects you may initial "All Preceding Subjects" instead of

45	initialing each subject.)
46	() Real Property
47	() Tangible Personal Property
48	() Stocks and Bonds
49	() Commodities and Options
50	() Banks and Other Financial Institutions
51	() Operation of Entity or Business
52	() Insurance and Annuities
53	() Estates, Trusts, and Other Beneficial Interests
54	() Claims and Litigation
55	() Personal and Family Maintenance
56	() Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or Military Service
57	() Retirement Plans
58	() Taxes
59	() All Preceding Subjects
60	GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)
61	My agent MAY NOT do any of the following specific acts for me UNLESS I have INITIALED
62	the specific authority listed below:
63	(CAUTION: Granting any of the following will give your agent the authority to take actions
64	that could significantly reduce your property or change how your property is distributed at your
65	death. INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to give your agent.)
66	() Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust
67	() Make a gift, subject to the limitations of the West Virginia Uniform Power of Attorney
68	Act and any special instructions in this power of attorney
69	() Create or change rights of survivorship
70	() Create or change a beneficiary designation

71	() Authorize another person to exercise the authority granted under this power of
72	attorney
73	() Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including
74	a survivor benefit under a retirement plan
75	() Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate
76	[() Disclaim or refuse an interest in property, including a power of appointment]
77	() Access the content of electronic communications
78	LIMITATION ON AGENT'S AUTHORITY
79	An agent that is not my ancestor, spouse or descendant MAY NOT use my property to
30	benefit the agent or a person to whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I have
31	included that authority in the Special Instructions.
32	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS (OPTIONAL)
33	You may give special instructions on the following lines:
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91	EFFECTIVE DATE
92	This power of attorney is effective immediately unless I have stated otherwise in the
93	special instructions.
94	NOMINATION OF [CONSERVATOR OR GUARDIAN] (OPTIONAL)
95	If it becomes necessary for a court to appoint a [conservator or guardian] of my estate or
96	[guardian] of my person, I nominate the following person(s) for appointment:

97	Name of Nominee for [conservator or guardian] of my estate:
99	Nominee's Address:
00	Nominee's Telephone Number:
)1	Name of Nominee for [guardian] of my person:
)2	Nominee's Address:
)3	Nominee's Telephone Number:
)4	RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY
)5	Any person, including my agent, may rely upon the validity of this power of attorney of
06	copy of it unless that person knows it has terminated or is invalid.
)7	SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT
8	
9	Your SignatureDate
10	Your Name Printed
11	Your Address
12	Your Telephone Number
13	State of
14	[County] of
15	This document was acknowledged before me on,
16	(Date)
17	by
18	(Name of Principal)
19	(Seal, if any)
20	Signature of Notary
21	My commission expires:
22	[This document prepared by:]

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR AGENT

Agent's Duties

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When you accept the authority granted under this power of attorney, a special legal relationship is created between you and the principal. This relationship imposes upon you legal duties that continue until you resign or the power of attorney is terminated or revoked. You must:

- (1) Do what you know the principal reasonably expects you to do with the principal's property or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, act in the principal's best interest; act in good faith;
 - (2) Do nothing beyond the authority granted in this power of attorney; and
- (3) Disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act for the principal by writing or printing the name of the principal and signing your own name as "agent" in the following manner:

134 _____by____

(Principal's Name)

(Your Signature) as Agent

Unless the special instructions in this power of attorney state otherwise, you must also:

- (1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
 - (2) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act in the principal's best interest;
- 139 (3) Act with care, competence and diligence;
 - (4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and transactions made on behalf of the principal;
 - (5) Cooperate with any person that has authority to make health-care decisions for the principal to do what you know the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know the principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interest; and attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest.

TERMINATION OF AGENT'S AUTHORITY

You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates

this power of attorney or your authority under this power of attorney. Events that terminate a power of attorney or your authority to act under a power of attorney include:

(1) Death of the principal;

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- (2) The principal's revocation of the power of attorney or your authority;
- 153 (3) The occurrence of a termination event stated in the power of attorney;
- 154 (4) The purpose of the power of attorney is fully accomplished; or
 - (5) If you are married to the principal, a legal action is filed with a court to end your marriage or for your legal separation, unless the Special Instructions in this power of attorney state that such an action will not terminate your authority.

LIABILITY OF AGENT

The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation]. If you violate the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation] or act outside the authority granted, you may be liable for any damages caused by your violation.

If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal advice.

ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS ACT.

ARTICLE 1. REVISED UNIFORM FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS ACT. §44E-1-1. Short title.

This article may be cited as the Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act. §44E-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 In this article:
- (1) "Account" means an arrangement under a terms-of-service agreement in which a
 custodian carries, maintains, processes, receives, or stores a digital asset of the user or provides
 goods or services to the user.
- 5 (2) "Agent" means an attorney-in-fact granted authority under a durable or nondurable

6	power of attorney.
7	(3) "Carries" means engages in the transmission of an electronic communication.
8	(4) "Catalogue of electronic communications" means information that identifies each
9	person with which a user has had an electronic communication, the time and date of the
10	communication, and the electronic address of the person.
11	(5) "Conservator" means a person appointed by a court to manage the estate and financial
12	affairs of a protected person. The term includes a limited conservator and temporary conservator.
13	(6) "Content of an electronic communication" means information concerning the substance
14	or meaning of the communication which:
15	(A) Has been sent or received by a user;
16	(B) Is in electronic storage by a custodian providing an electronic-communication service
17	to the public or is carried or maintained by a custodian providing a remote-computing service to
18	the public; and
19	(C) Is not readily accessible to the public.
20	(7) "Court" means the circuit court of the county having jurisdiction over the fiduciary or
21	designated recipient.
22	(8) "Custodian" means a person that carries, maintains, processes, receives, or stores a
23	digital asset of a user.
24	(9) "Designated recipient" means a person chosen by a user using an online tool to
25	administer digital assets of the user.
26	(10) "Digital asset" means an electronic record in which an individual has a right or interest.
27	The term does not include an underlying asset or liability unless the asset or liability is itself an
28	electronic record.
29	(11) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless,
30	optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
31	(12) "Electronic communication" has the meaning set forth in 18 U.S.C. Section 2510(12).

32	(13) "Electronic-communication service" means a custodian that provides to a user the
33	ability to send or receive an electronic communication.
34	(14) "Fiduciary" means an original, additional, or successor personal representative,
35	conservator, agent, or trustee.
36	(15) "Information" means data, text, images, videos, sounds, codes, computer programs,
37	software, databases, or the like.
38	(16) "Online tool" means an electronic service provided by a custodian that allows the
39	user, in an agreement distinct from the terms-of-service agreement between the custodian and
40	user, to provide directions for disclosure or nondisclosure of digital assets to a third person.
41	(17) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation,
42	government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal entity.
43	(18) "Personal representative" means an executor, administrator, special administrator, or
44	person that performs substantially the same function under law of this state other than this article.
45	(19) "Power of attorney" means a record that grants an agent authority to act in the place
46	of a principal.
47	(20) "Principal" means an individual who grants authority to an agent in a power of
48	attorney.
49	(21) "Protected person" means an individual for whom a conservator has been appointed.
50	The term includes an individual for whom an application for the appointment of a conservator is
51	pending.
52	(22) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored
53	in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
54	(23) "Remote-computing service" means a custodian that provides to a user computer-
55	processing services or the storage of digital assets by means of an electronic communications
56	system, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 2510(14).
57	(24) "Terms-of-service agreement" means an agreement that controls the relationship

58 between a user and a custodian. 59 (25) "Trustee" means a fiduciary with legal title to property under an agreement or 60 declaration that creates a beneficial interest in another. The term includes a successor trustee. 61 (26) "User" means a person that has an account with a custodian. 62 (27) "Will" includes a codicil, testamentary instrument that only appoints an executor, and 63 instrument that revokes or revises a testamentary instrument. §44E-1-3. Applicability. 1 (a) This article applies to: 2 (1) A fiduciary acting under a will or power of attorney executed before, on, or after the 3 effective date of this article; 4 (2) A personal representative acting for a decedent who died before, on, or after the 5 effective date of this article; 6 (3) A conservatorship proceeding commenced before, on, or after the effective date of this 7 article; and 8 (4) A trustee acting under a trust created before, on, or after the effective date of this 9 article. (b) This article applies to a custodian if the user resides in this state or resided in this state 10 11 at the time of the user's death. 12 (c) This article does not apply to a digital asset of an employer used by an employee in 13 the ordinary course of the employer's business.

§44E-1-4. User direction for disclosure of digital assets.

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(a) A user may use an online tool to direct the custodian to disclose or not to disclose to a designated recipient some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications. If the online tool allows the user to modify or delete a direction at all times, a direction regarding disclosure using an online tool overrides a contrary direction by the user in a will, trust, power of attorney, or other record.

6 (b) If a user has not used an online tool to give direction under subsection (a) of this section or if the custodian has not provided an online tool, the user may allow or prohibit in a will, trust, 7 8 power of attorney, or other record, disclosure to a fiduciary of some or all of the user's digital 9 assets, including the content of electronic communications sent or received by the user. 10 (c) A user's direction under subsection (a) or (b) of this section overrides a contrary 11 provision in a terms-of-service agreement that does not require the user to act affirmatively and 12 distinctly from the user's assent to the terms of service. §44E-1-5. Terms-of-service agreement. 1 (a) This article does not change or impair a right of a custodian or a user under a terms-2 of-service agreement to access and use digital assets of the user. 3 (b) This article does not give a fiduciary or a designated recipient any new or expanded 4 rights other than those held by the user for whom, or for whose estate, the fiduciary or designated 5 recipient acts or represents. 6 (c) A fiduciary's or a designated recipient's access to digital assets may be modified or 7 eliminated by a user, by federal law, or by a terms-of-service agreement if the user has not 8 provided direction under §44E-1-4 of this code. §44E-1-6. Procedure for disclosing digital assets. 1 (a) When disclosing digital assets of a user under this article, the custodian may at its sole 2 discretion: 3 (1) Grant a fiduciary or designated recipient full access to the user's account; 4 (2) Grant a fiduciary or designated recipient partial access to the user's account sufficient 5 to perform the tasks with which the fiduciary or designated recipient is charged; or 6 (3) Provide a fiduciary or designated recipient a copy in a record of any digital asset that, 7 on the date the custodian received the request for disclosure, the user could have accessed if the 8 user were alive and had full capacity and access to the account. 9 (b) A custodian may assess a reasonable administrative charge for the cost of disclosing

10	digital assets under this article.
11	(c) A custodian need not disclose under this article a digital asset deleted by a user.
12	(d) If a user directs or a fiduciary requests a custodian to disclose under this article some,
13	but not all, of the user's digital assets, the custodian need not disclose the assets if segregation
14	of the assets would impose an undue burden on the custodian. If the custodian believes the
15	direction or request imposes an undue burden, the custodian or fiduciary may seek an order from
16	the court to disclose:
17	(1) A subset limited by date of the user's digital assets;
18	(2) All of the user's digital assets to the fiduciary or designated recipient;
19	(3) None of the user's digital assets; or
20	(4) All of the user's digital assets to the court for review in camera.
	§44E-1-7. Disclosure of content of electronic communications of deceased user.
1	If a deceased user consented or a court directs disclosure of the contents of electronic
2	communications of the user, the custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the
3	estate of the user the content of an electronic communication sent or received by the user if the
4	representative gives the custodian:
5	(1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
6	(2) A certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
7	(3) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the representative;
8	(4) Unless the user provided direction using an online tool, a copy of the user's will, trust,
9	power of attorney, or other record evidencing the user's consent to disclosure of the content of
10	electronic communications; and
11	(5) If requested by the custodian:
12	(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
13	assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;
14	(B) Evidence linking the account to the user; or

15	(C) A finding by the court that:
16	(i) The user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information
17	specified in subparagraph (A) of this section;
18	(ii) Disclosure of the content of electronic communications of the user would not violate 18
19	U.S.C. Section 2701 et seq., 47 U.S.C. Section 222, or other applicable law;
20	(iii) Unless the user provided direction using an online tool, the user consented to
21	disclosure of the content of electronic communications; or
22	(iv) Disclosure of the content of electronic communications of the user is reasonably
23	necessary for administration of the estate.
	§44E-1-8. Disclosure of other digital assets of deceased user.
1	Unless the user prohibited disclosure of digital assets or the court directs otherwise, a
2	custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of a deceased user a
3	catalogue of electronic communications sent or received by the user and digital assets, other than
4	the content of electronic communications, of the user, if the representative gives the custodian:
5	(1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
6	(2) A certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
7	(3) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the representative; and
8	(4) If requested by the custodian:
9	(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
10	assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;
11	(B) Evidence linking the account to the user;
12	(C) An affidavit stating that disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary
13	for administration of the estate; or
14	(D) A finding by the court that:
15	(i) The user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information
16	specified in subparagraph (A) of this section; or

17 (ii) Disclosure of the user's digital assets is reasonably necessary for administration of the estate.

§44E-1-9. Disclosure of content of electronic communications of principal.

- To the extent a power of attorney expressly grants an agent authority over the content of electronic communications sent or received by the principal and unless directed otherwise by the principal or the court, a custodian shall disclose to the agent the content if the agent gives the custodian:
- 5 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- (2) An original or copy of the power of attorney expressly granting the agent authority over
 the content of electronic communications of the principal;
- 8 (3) A certification by the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of attorney is in effect; and
- 10 (4) If requested by the custodian:

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- 11 (A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier

 12 assigned by the custodian to identify the principal's account; or
- 13 (B) Evidence linking the account to the principal.

§44E-1-10. Disclosure of other digital assets of principal

- Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the principal, or provided by a power
 of attorney, a custodian shall disclose to an agent with specific authority over digital assets or
 general authority to act on behalf of a principal a catalogue of electronic communications sent or
 received by the principal and digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications,
 of the principal if the agent gives the custodian:
- 6 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- (2) An original or a copy of the power of attorney that gives the agent specific authority
 over digital assets or general authority to act on behalf of the principal;
- 9 (3) A certification by the agent, under penalty of perjury, that the power of attorney is in

10	effect; and
11	(4) If requested by the custodian:
12	(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identified
13	assigned by the custodian to identify the principal's account; or
14	(B) Evidence linking the account to the principal.
	§44E-1-11. Disclosure of digital assets held in trust when trustee is original user.
1	Unless otherwise ordered by the court or provided in a trust instrument, a custodian shall
2	disclose to a trustee that is an original user of an account any digital asset of the account held in
3	trust, including a catalogue of electronic communications of the trustee and the content of
4	electronic communications.
	§44E-1-12. Disclosure of contents of electronic communications held in trust when trustee
	not original user.
1	Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the user, or provided in a trust
2	instrument, a custodian shall disclose to a trustee that is not an original user of an account the
3	content of an electronic communication sent or received by an original or successor user and
4	carried, maintained, processed, received, or stored by the custodian in the account of the trust if
5	the trustee gives the custodian:
6	(1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
7	(2) A certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of the trust under §44D-10-
8	1013 of this code that includes consent to disclosure of the content of electronic communications
9	to the trustee;
10	(3) A certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the
11	trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and
12	(4) If requested by the custodian:
13	(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
14	assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or

(B) Evidence linking the account to the trust.

Unless otherwise ordered by the court, directed by the user, or provided in a trust, a custodian shall disclose, to a trustee that is not an original user of an account, a catalogue of electronic communications sent or received by an original or successor user and stored, carried, or maintained by the custodian in an account of the trust and any digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications, in which the trust has a right or interest if the trustee gives the custodian:

- 7 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- 8 (2) A certified copy of the trust instrument or a certification of the trust under §44D-10-
- 9 <u>1013 of this code;</u>

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- 10 (3) A certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, that the trust exists and the
 11 trustee is a currently acting trustee of the trust; and
- 12 (4) If requested by the custodian:
- (A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
 assigned by the custodian to identify the trust's account; or
 - (B) Evidence linking the account to the trust.

§44E-1-14. Disclosure of digital assets to conservator of protected person.

- (a) After an opportunity for a hearing under §44A-1-1 et seq. of this code, the court may
 grant a conservator access to the digital assets of a protected person.
- (b) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or directed by the user, a custodian shall
 disclose to a conservator the catalogue of electronic communications sent or received by a
 protected person and any digital assets, other than the content of electronic communications, in
 which the protected person has a right or interest if the conservator gives the custodian:
- 7 (1) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- 8 (2) A certified copy of the court order that gives the conservator authority over the digital

9	assets of the protected person; and
10	(3) If requested by the custodian:
11	(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
12	assigned by the custodian to identify the account of the protected person; or
13	(B) Evidence linking the account to the protected person.
14	(c) A conservator with general authority to manage the assets of a protected person may
15	request a custodian of the digital assets of the protected person to suspend or terminate an
16	account of the protected person for good cause. A request made under this section must be
17	accompanied by a certified copy of the court order giving the conservator authority over the
18	protected person's property.
	§44E-1-15. Fiduciary duty and authority.
1	(a) The legal duties imposed on a fiduciary charged with managing tangible property apply
2	to the management of digital assets, including:
3	(1) The duty of care;
4	(2) The duty of loyalty; and
5	(3) The duty of confidentiality.
6	(b) A fiduciary's or designated recipient's authority with respect to a digital asset of a user:
7	(1) Except as otherwise provided in §44E-1-4 of this code, is subject to the applicable
8	terms of service;
9	(2) Is subject to other applicable law, including copyright law;
10	(3) In the case of a fiduciary, is limited by the scope of the fiduciary's duties; and
11	(4) May not be used to impersonate the user.
12	(c) A fiduciary with authority over the property of a decedent, protected person, principal,
13	or settlor has the right to access any digital asset in which the decedent, protected person,
14	principal, or settlor had a right or interest and that is not held by a custodian or subject to a terms-
15	of-service agreement.

(d) A fiduciary acting within the scope of the fiduciary's duties is an authorized user of the
property of the decedent, protected person, principal, or settlor for the purpose of applicable
computer-fraud and unauthorized-computer-access laws, including §61-3C-1 et seq. of this code.
(e) A fiduciary with authority over the tangible, personal property of a decedent, protected
person, principal, or settlor:
(1) Has the right to access the property and any digital asset stored in it; and
(2) Is an authorized user for the purpose of computer-fraud and unauthorized computer
access laws, including §61-3C-1 et seq. of this code.
(f) A custodian may disclose information in an account to a fiduciary of the user when the
information is required to terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to the user.
(g) A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to terminate the user's account. A request
for termination must be in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and accompanied by:
(1) If the user is deceased, a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
(2) A certified copy of the letter of appointment of the representative, court order, power
of attorney, or trust giving the fiduciary authority over the account; and
(3) If requested by the custodian:
(A) A number, username, address, or other unique subscriber or account identifier
assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;
(B) Evidence linking the account to the user; or
(C) A finding by the court that the user had a specific account with the custodian,
identifiable by the information specified in paragraph (A) of this section.
§44E-1-16. Custodian compliance and immunity.
(a) Not later than 60 days after receipt of the information required under §44E-1-7 through
§44E-1-15 of this code, a custodian shall comply with a request under this article from a fiduciary
or designated recipient to disclose digital assets or terminate an account. If the custodian fails to
comply, the fiduciary or designated recipient may apply to the court for an order directing

5	compliance.
6	(b) An order under subsection (a) of this section directing compliance must contain a
7	finding that compliance is not in violation of 18 U.S.C. Section 2702.
8	(c) A custodian may notify the user that a request for disclosure or to terminate an account
9	was made under this article.
10	(d) A custodian may deny a request under this article from a fiduciary or designated
11	recipient for disclosure of digital assets or to terminate an account if the custodian is aware of any
12	lawful access to the account following the receipt of the fiduciary's request.
13	(e) This article does not limit a custodian's ability to obtain or require a fiduciary or
14	designated recipient requesting disclosure or termination under this article to obtain a court order
15	which:
16	(1) Specifies that an account belongs to the protected person or principal;
17	(2) Specifies that there is sufficient consent from the protected person or principal to
18	support the requested disclosure; and
19	(3) Contains a finding required by law other than this article.
20	(f) A custodian and its officers, employees, and agents are immune from liability for an act
21	or omission done in good faith in compliance with this article.
	§44E-1-17. Uniformity of application and construction.
1	In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to
2	promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.
	§44E-1-18. Relation to electronic signatures in global and national commerce act.
1	This article modifies, limits, or supersedes the Electronic Signatures in Global and National
2	Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede Section
3	101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices
4	described in Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to amend the Uniform Power of Attorney Act by authorizing the exercising of authority over the content of electronic communications and accessing the content of electronic communications. The bill also creates the West Virginia Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act. It provides a short title and defines certain terms. The bill sets forth to whom the article applies; provides for user direction for disclosure of assets; and addresses terms of service agreements. The bill sets forth a procedure for disclosing digital assets; for disclosure of the content of electronic communications of deceased users; and for disclosure of content of electronic communications of a principal. The bill addresses disclosure of digital assets of a principal and disclosure of digital assets held in trust when the trustee is not the original owner or user. The bill addresses disclosure of digital assets to a conservator of a protected person. The bill sets forth a fiduciary's duties and authority and provides for a custodian's compliance and immunity. The bill provides for the uniformity of the application and construction of the article; and addresses the relation of the article to electronic signatures in global and national commerce act.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.